NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors NBC Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the NBC Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Englewood, CO

September 30, 2024

Simmons & Whale P.C.



NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 854,952
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,139,426
Prepaid Insurance	14,434
Prepaid Expenses	1,766
Receivable from County Treasurer	4,625
Property Tax Receivable	1,326,641
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	5,287,485
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	41,145
Total Assets	8,670,474
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	54,715
Accrued Interest	18,352
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	405,000
Due in More Than One Year	8,305,000
Total Liabilities	8,783,067
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax	1,326,641
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,326,641
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(2,748,288)
Restricted for:	•
Emergency Reserve	12,900
Debt Service	728,238
Net Position - Unrestricted	567,916_
Total Net Position	\$ (1,439,234)

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position	Governmental	Activities	\$ (283,809)	(267,838)	(551,647)	1,043,354 74,636 20,003	6,623 1,144,616	592,969	(2,032,203)	\$ (1,439,234)
	Capital Grants and	Contributions	. ↔		€					
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Charges for	Services	9,954		9,954	Ø	r Revenue Total General Revenues and Transfers	NO	Year	YEAR
			↔		ઝ	≘S ⊤axe	Rever	OSITI	ing of	D 0F
		Expenses	293,763	267,838	561,601	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes	Other Revenue Total General	CHANGES IN NET POSITION	Net Position - Beginning of Year	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR
			↔		↔	9	. 0	끙	Ne	N

Total Governmental Activities

Primary Government:
Governmental Activities:
General Government
Interest on Long-Term Debt
and Related Costs

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS		General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from County Treasurer Prepaid Insurance Prepaid Expenses Property Tax Receivable	\$	854,940 12,900 1,629 14,434 1,766 467,310	\$	12 1,090,786 2,996 - - 859,331	\$ 35,740 - - - - -	\$	854,952 1,139,426 4,625 14,434 1,766 1,326,641
Total Assets	\$_	1,352,979	\$	1,953,125	\$ 35,740	\$	3,341,844
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	18,975	\$		\$ 35,740	\$	54,715
Total Liabilities		18,975		-	35,740		54,715
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		407.040		050 224			4 220 044
Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		467,310		859,331	 		1,326,641
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		467,310		859,331	-		1,326,641
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Expense		16,200		-	-		16,200
Restricted for:							
Emergency Reserves		12,900		-	-		12,900
Debt Service		-		1,093,794	-		1,093,794
Assigned to:							
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		69,324		-	-		69,324
Unassigned		768,270			 		768,270
Total Fund Balances		866,694		1,093,794	 		1,960,488
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	1,352,979	\$_	1,953,125	\$ 35,740		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the net position are different because:	ne stat	tement of					
Capital assets used in governmental activities a resources and, therefore, are not reported in the							5,328,630
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, a in the current period and, therefore, are not rep Accrued Interest			able				(18,352)
Loans Payable							(8,710,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							(1,439,234)

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	367,522	\$	675,832	\$ -	\$	1,043,354	
Specific Ownership Taxes		26,291		48,345	-		74,636	
Interest Income		19,987		16	-		20,003	
Other Revenue		6,623		-	-		6,623	
Water Service Fees		9,954		-	-		9,954	
Total Revenues		430,377	-	724,193	-		1,154,570	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		37,340		-	-		37,340	
Auditing		5,000		-	-		5,000	
County Treasurer's Fee		5,513		10,138	-		15,651	
District Management		49,444		-	1,462		50,906	
Dues and Membership		875		-	-		875	
Election		1,153		-	-		1,153	
Engineering		-		-	2,863		2,863	
Insurance		13,920		-	-		13,920	
Landscaping		54,430		-	-		54,430	
Landscaping Maintenance-Floral		6,860		-	-		6,860	
Legal		24,192		-	-		24,192	
Miscellaneous		1,216		-	-		1,216	
Non-Use Fee		-		8,043	-		8,043	
Pest control		2,046		-	-		2,046	
Repairs and Maintenance		31,710		-	-		31,710	
Site Lighting		727		-	-		727	
Snow Removal		8,331		-	-		8,331	
Utilities		40,518		-	-		40,518	
Website		832		-	-		832	
Debt Service:								
Loan Interest		-		229,392	-		229,392	
Loan Principal		-		340,000	-		340,000	
Paying Agent Fees Capital Projects:		-		2,000	-		2,000	
Parks and Recreation		139		-	-		139	
Public Improvements		-		-	1,834,605		1,834,605	
Total Expenditures		284,246		589,573	1,838,930		2,712,749	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		146,131		134,620	(1,838,930)		(1,558,179)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Developer Advance		-		-	887,695		887,695	
Repay Developer Advance		-		-	(887,695)		(887,695)	
Developer Advance - Interest Expense		-		-	(18,962)		(18,962)	
Transfers In/(Out)		(112,905)		12,205	100,700		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(112,905)		12,205	81,738		(18,962)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		33,226		146,825	(1,757,192)		(1,577,141)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		833,468		946,969	 1,757,192		3,537,629	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	866,694	\$	1,093,794	\$ 		1,960,488	

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (1,577,141)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, depreciation and dedication of capital assets to other governments, in the current period.

Capital Outlay 1,834,605 Depreciation Expense (5,192)

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Loan Principal340,000Developer Advance(887,695)Repay Developer Advance887,695

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability 697

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 592,969

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Due	lasta			A - 1 1	Fina	ance with al Budget
	Original	lgets	Final	,	Actual Amounts		ositive egative)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$ 367,375	\$	367,375	\$	367,522	\$	147
Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Other Revenue	25,716 13,000		25,716 13,000		26,291 19,987 6,623		575 6,987 6,623
Water Service Fees	20,000		10,000		9,954		(46)
Total Revenues	426,091		416,091		430,377		14,286
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting	29,000		37,340		37,340		-
Auditing	5,000		5,000		5,000		<u>-</u>
Contingency	6,986		9,797				9,797
County Treasurer's Fee	5,511		5,513		5,513		-
District Management	33,000		49,500		49,444		56
Dues and Membership Election	2.000		875 1,153		875 1,153		-
Insurance	10,000		13,920		13,920		-
Landscaping	47,000		55,000		54,430		570
Legal	15,000		24,200		24,192		8
Miscellaneous	3,000		1,216		1,216		-
Parks and Recreation	-				139		(139)
Pest Control	3,000		2,046		2,046		-
Repairs and Maintenance	20,000		32,000		31,710		290
Site Lighting	4,000		728		727		1
Snow Removal	25,000		8,500		8,331		169
Landscaping Maintenance-Floral	12,000		6,860		6,860		-
Utilities	50,000		40,520		40,518		2
Website	-		832		832		-
Total Expenditures	270,497		295,000		284,246		10,754
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES	155,594		121,091		146,131		25,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers To Other Fund	-		(130,000)		(112,905)		17,095
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(130,000)		(112,905)		17,095
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	155,594		(8,909)		33,226		42,135
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 830,843		833,468		833,468		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 986,437	\$	824,559	\$	866,694	\$	42,135

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

NBC Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and Political Subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by court order on May 18, 2000, recorded on June 8, 2000, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Jefferson County and entirely within the city of Westminster, Colorado (the City). The District was established to provide for the design, construction, installation, financing, and acquisition of certain street, safety protection, water, sanitation, transportation, television relay and translation, and park and recreation improvements in compliance with the Service Plan approved by the City Council.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities' columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Streets20 YearsStreet Lights20 YearsParks20 YearsMonumentation20 YearsLandscape Improvements20 Years

<u>Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District does not have any items that qualify.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 854,952
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,139,426
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,994,378

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,595,155
Investments	399,223
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,994,378

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$1,595,155. At December 31, 2023, the District had \$510,937 of deposits with one financial institution and \$1,084,218 with another financial institution, of which \$250,000 is insured with the FDIC per institution. The remaining amount is collateralized in single institution pools.

<u>Investments</u>

The District has adopted a formal investment policy to follow the state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 399,223
Total		

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLORUST (Continued)

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

An analysis of the changes in property and equipment for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	salance at cember 31, 2022	ı	ncreases	Decreases	Balance at ecember 31, 2023
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated:					
Construction in Progress	\$ 3,452,880	\$	1,834,605	-	\$ 5,287,485
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Being Depreciated	3,452,880		1,834,605	-	5,287,485
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Parks and Recreation	973,863		-	-	973,863
Streets	1,797,204		-	-	1,797,204
Street Lights	415,699		-	-	415,699
Landscaping	45,302		-	-	45,302
Monumentation	 91,930				91,930
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	3,323,998		-	-	3,323,998
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
for:					
Parks and Recreation	973,863		-	-	973,863
Streets	1,797,204		-	-	1,797,204
Street Lights	388,621		2,927	-	391,548
Landscaping	26,048		2,265	-	28,313
Monumentation	91,925		-		 91,925
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	 3,277,661		5,192		 3,282,853
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	 46,337		(5,192)		 41,145
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,499,217	\$	1,829,413	\$ -	\$ 5,328,630

Depreciation expense for 2023 was charged to the General Government function/program.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance at December 3 2022	1,	Additions	Reducti	ons	 Balance at cember 31, 2023	(Due Within One Year
Notes/Loans/Bonds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements Series 2021 Limited Tax Improvement Loan Draw #1 Subtotal Notes/Loans/Bonds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	\$ 9,050,0 9,050,0		<u>.</u>		0,000	\$ 8,710,000 8,710,000	\$	405,000 405,000
Other Debts Developer Advance - Capital Subtotal Other Debts		<u>-</u> –	887,695 887,695		7,695 7,695	 		<u>-</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 9,050,0	00 \$	887,695	\$ 1,22	7,695	\$ 8,710,000	\$	405,000

The detail of the District's long-term obligations is as follows:

Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Loan, Series 2021

On April 13, 2021, the District entered into the Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Loan, Series 2021 in the maximum aggregate principal amount of up to \$12,868,000 (Series 2021 Loan) with U.S. Bank National Association. The initial advance amount under the Series 2021 Loan was issued in the principal amount of \$9,695,000 at the time of closing and matures on April 13, 2031. The initial advance of the Series 2021 Loan bears an interest rate of 2.50%, with interest payments calculated based on a 360-day year and the actual days elapsed in each period made on June 1 and December 1 of each year, and principal payments on December 1 of each year for the initial advance.

Proceeds were used and will be used for the purposes of prepayment in whole of the Series 2015 Note, refinancing certain public improvements, providing an initial deposit to the Reserve Fund, providing capitalized interest, and paying the costs of issuing the Series 2021 Loan.

The District shall pay to U.S. Bank National Association a Non-Use Fee in an annual amount equal to 0.25% of the portion of the Series 2021 Loan that has not been advanced determined and paid on December 1 of each year.

The pledged revenue under the Series 2021 Loan includes: a) all moneys derived from the Required Mill Levy; b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Taxes allocable to the amount of the Required Mill Levy; and c) any other legally available moneys which the Board determines in its sole discretion to apply as Pledged Revenue. The Required Mill Levy is defined as the amount sufficient in each year to pay the Annual Debt Requirements and to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Required Reserve but not in excess of 50 mills, as may be adjusted so that to the extent possible, actual tax revenues generated by the District's mill levies are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of changes to the method of calculating assessed valuation. The Series 2021 Loan is further secured by the debt service Initial Reserve Requirement of \$335,000 and, in the case of another draw, the Required

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Loan, Series 2021</u> (Continued)

Reserve that will increase the Initial Reserve Requirement by 4.43% of each additional advance.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows, assuming the Series 2021 Loan will continue to accrue interest at 2.50% after April 13, 2031:

Year Ending December 31,	nding December 31, Principal		 Interest	 Total
2024	\$	405,000	\$ 220,220	\$ 625,220
2025		420,000	210,028	630,028
2026		435,000	199,472	634,472
2027		440,000	188,188	628,188
2028		465,000	177,268	642,268
2029-2033		1,871,000	707,980	2,578,980
2034-2038		2,531,000	404,404	2,935,404
2039-2040		2,143,000	 64,064	 2,207,064
Total	\$	8,710,000	\$ 2,171,624	\$ 10,881,624

The Series 2021 may include a second draw in 2024 in the principal amount of up to \$3,173,000.

Authorized Debt

On May 2, 2000, and November 6, 2012, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$271,000,000 for general obligation bonds at an interest rate not to exceed 15% per annum. In addition, the electors authorized the refunding of up to \$60,000,000 in general obligation bonds at a higher interest rate. As of December 31, 2023, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount		Amount	
	Authorized	Authorized	Used	Used	Used		Used	Remaining
Purpose	2000	 2012	 Series 2000	 Series 2004	Series 2015	s	eries 2021	 Authorization
Water	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 1,308,740	\$ 35,000	\$ -	\$	5,243,310	\$ 25,312,950
Sanitation	5,400,000	30,000,000	731,671	65,000	-		-	34,603,329
Streets	15,900,000	30,000,000	7,770,018	200,000	-		-	37,929,982
Traffic and Safety Controls	1,500,000	30,000,000	-	-	-		-	31,500,000
Park and Recreation Facilities	4,000,000	30,000,000	2,044,571	200,000	-		-	31,755,429
Television	1,300,000	30,000,000	-	-	-		-	31,300,000
Refunding	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	8,360,000	5,500,000		-	46,140,000
Operations	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-		-	2,000,000
Public Transportation System	-	30,000,000	-	-	-		-	30,000,000
Intergovernmental Agreements		 30,000,000	 	 	 			 30,000,000
Total	\$ 61,000,000	\$ 271,000,000	\$ 11,855,000	\$ 8,860,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$	5,243,310	\$ 300,541,690

The portion of the Series 2021 Loan being applied to the prepayment in whole of the Series 2015 Note constitutes as a refinancing of District bonded debt at a lower interest rate and does not require further electoral authorization under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

Per the Service Plan, the District is limited to issuing \$30,000,000 in debt. In addition, the maximum debt service mill levy for the District is 50 mills; provided; however, once any or all of the principal amount of any outstanding bonds is less than 50% of the assessed valuation of the property within the District, the maximum mill levy will no longer apply with respect to those outstanding bonds. The maximum debt service mill levy is also subject to adjustment based on any change in law, change in method of calculation, or changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023, the District had net investments in capital assets calculated as follows:

	GovernmentalActivities
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ (2,748,288)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (2,748,288)

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities		
Restricted Net Position:	·			
Emergencies		\$	12,900	
Debt Service Reserve			728,238	
Total Restricted Net Position	_	\$	741,138	

NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the financing and repayment of bonds issued for the construction of public improvements which were dedicated to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The primary developer of vacant property within the District is CIO Circle Point Land, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Developer). All members of the Board of Directors of the District are affiliated with the Developer.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

The District and CIO Circle Point Land, LP (the Developer) entered into a 2020-2025 Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement (FFAA) on March 2, 2021, with an effective date of January 1, 2020. Pursuant to the FFAA, the Developer agrees to advance funds to the District for the purpose of funding construction related expenses of public improvements and/or the acquisition of public improvements constructed by the Developer. The District agrees to repay these advances, together with accrued interest at a rate of 8% per annum. The FFAA does not constitute debt, but is an annual appropriations agreement intended to be repaid through bond proceeds. At December 31, 2023, there was no principal and interest due under the FFAA.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer from the General fund to the Capital Fund was related to capital expenditures in lieu of a developer advance. The transfer from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund was related to the closing out of the cost of issuance account.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 2, 2000, and November 6, 2012, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve annually \$1,000,000 of all revenue of the District and authorized tax levies to produce taxes of \$1,000,000 annually for operations and maintenance without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•	075 500	•	075 000	•	070	
Property Taxes	\$	675,562 47.289	\$	675,832	\$	270 1.056	
Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income		47,269 10,000		48,345 16		(9,984)	
		732,851					
Total Revenues		732,851		724,193		(8,658)	
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fee		10,133		10,138		(5)	
Paying Agent Fees		2,500		2,000		500	
Loan Interest		229,392		229,392		-	
Non-Use Fee		8,021		8,043		(22)	
Loan Principal		340,000		340,000		-	
Contingency		9,947		-		9,947	
Total Expenditures		599,993		589,573		10,420	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		132,858		134,620		1,762	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds		31,010		12,205		(18,805)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		31,010		12,205		(18,805)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		163,868		146,825		(17,043)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		942,364		946,969		4,605	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		1,106,232	\$	1,093,794	\$	(12,438)	

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES				
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
EXPENDITURES				
District Management	-	1,462	(1,462)	
Engineering	5,000	2,863	2,137	
Campus Wayfinding/Signage	110,000	=	110,000	
Public Improvements	1,681,000	1,834,605	(153,605)	
Contingency	2,190	-	2,190	
Total Expenditures	1,798,190	1,838,930	(40,740)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(1,798,190)	(1,838,930)	40,740	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers To Other Fund	(31,010)	(12,205)	(18,805)	
Developer Advance	1,100,000	887,695	212,305	
Repay Developer Advance	(1,100,000)	(887,695)	(212,305)	
Developer Advance - Interest Expense	(100,000)	(18,962)	(81,038)	
Loan Proceeds	1,015,000	-	1,015,000	
Transfers From Other Funds	-	112,905	(112,905)	
Total Other Financing Sources	883,990	81,738	802,252	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(914,200)	(1,757,192)	842,992	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	914,200	1,757,192	(842,992)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	_\$	

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$12,868,000
Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Loan Series 2021
Initital Draw \$9,695,000
Dated April 13, 2021
Principal Due December 1
Interest Due June 1 and December 1
Interest at 2.50%

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 405,000	\$ 220,220	\$ 625,220		
2025	420,000	210,028	630,028		
2026	435,000	199,472	634,472		
2027	440,000	188,188	628,188		
2028	465,000	177,268	642,268		
2029	475,000	165,620	640,620		
2030	490,000	153,608	643,608		
2031	463,000	141,232	604,232		
2032	443,000	129,220	572,220		
2033	463,000	118,300	581,300		
2034	483,000	106,288	589,288		
2035	505,000	94,276	599,276		
2036	528,000	81,536	609,536		
2037	552,000	68,068	620,068		
2038	576,000	54,236	630,236		
2039	602,000	39,676	641,676		
2040	965,000	24,388	989,388		
Total	\$ 8,710,000	\$ 2,171,624	\$ 10,881,624		

NBC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		7	Total Mills Levied		Total Prop	Percent	
Assessed Valuation	Percent Change	General Operations	Debt Service	Total	Levied	Collected	Collected to Levied
\$ 14,034,312	0.0%	18.000	37.000	55.000	\$ 771,888	\$ 758,382	98.25 %
16,587,215	18.2%	18.000	37.000	55.000	912,297	864,620	94.77 %
16,742,118	0.9%	18.000	37.000	55.000	920,816	966,737	104.99 %
18,931,330	13.1%	18.000	33.100	51.100	967,391	972,535	100.53 %
20,409,720	7.8%	18.000	33.100	51.100	1,042,937	1,043,354	100.04 %
\$ 25,961,663	27.2%	18.000	33.100	51.100	1,326,641		
	Valuation \$ 14,034,312 16,587,215 16,742,118 18,931,330 20,409,720	Valuation Change \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 16,587,215 18.2% 16,742,118 0.9% 18,931,330 13.1% 20,409,720 7.8%	Assessed Valuation Percent Change General Operations \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 18.000 16,587,215 18.2% 18.000 16,742,118 0.9% 18.000 18,931,330 13.1% 18.000 20,409,720 7.8% 18.000	Valuation Change Operations Service \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 18.000 37.000 16,587,215 18.2% 18.000 37.000 16,742,118 0.9% 18.000 37.000 18,931,330 13.1% 18.000 33.100 20,409,720 7.8% 18.000 33.100	Assessed Valuation Percent Change General Operations Debt Service Total \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 18.000 37.000 55.000 16,587,215 18.2% 18.000 37.000 55.000 16,742,118 0.9% 18.000 37.000 55.000 18,931,330 13.1% 18.000 33.100 51.100 20,409,720 7.8% 18.000 33.100 51.100	Assessed Valuation Percent Change General Operations Debt Service Total Levied \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 18.000 37.000 55.000 \$ 771,888 16,587,215 18.2% 18.000 37.000 55.000 912,297 16,742,118 0.9% 18.000 37.000 55.000 920,816 18,931,330 13.1% 18.000 33.100 51.100 967,391 20,409,720 7.8% 18.000 33.100 51.100 1,042,937	Assessed Valuation Percent Change General Operations Debt Service Total Levied Collected \$ 14,034,312 0.0% 18.000 37.000 55.000 \$ 771,888 \$ 758,382 16,587,215 18.2% 18.000 37.000 55.000 912,297 864,620 16,742,118 0.9% 18.000 37.000 55.000 920,816 966,737 18,931,330 13.1% 18.000 33.100 51.100 967,391 972,535 20,409,720 7.8% 18.000 33.100 51.100 1,042,937 1,043,354

Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.